

**FILED**  
IN CLERK'S OFFICE  
U.S. DISTRICT COURT E.D.N.Y.

★ SEP 26 2022 ★

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

BROOKLYN OFFICE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,  
Plaintiff,

-vs-

VITO GUZZO,

Defendant,

) Case No. 95-CR-754  
) Judge Sterling Johnson  
)  
)  
)

) Motion for  
) Compassionate Release  
)

Now comes Vito Guzzo (hereinafter "Defendant"), acting in pro per, and hereby moves for compassionate release in the above entitled case.

A brief in support of said motion is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

Respectfully submitted,

Vito Guzzo  
Vito Guzzo, Pro Se

Reg. No. 48164-053

FCI Danbury

Route 37

Danbury, CT 06811

Brief

This is an old case. In 1997 an indictment was returned charging Defendant with numerous counts relating to a RICO enterprise. He entered a plea of guilty to a Racketeering count and was sentenced to 456 months (38 years) incarceration. He later filed a motion under 28 USC section 2255 which was denied.

Defendant now moves the Court for a compassionate release based on a number of reasons.

First Step Act

In the First Step Act, Congress amended 3582 (c)(1)(A) to allow a prisoner to file a motion for compassionate release on his own behalf. Before the First Step Act, a motion for compassionate release could be brought only by the Director of the Bureau of Prisons (the "BOP"). United States v. York, 2019 WL 3241166 at 4 (E.D. Tenn. July 18, 2019) (citing 18 USC section 3582 (c)(1)(A) (2017)). The First Step Act modified section 3582 (c)(1)(A) with the intent of "increasing the use and transparency of compassionate release." Pub. L. No. 115-391, 132 stat. 5194, 5239 (capitalization omitted); see United States v. Ebberts, 2020 WL 91399 at 7 (citing S. Rep. 98-225 at 121 (1983) (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 8, 2020)).

Section 3582 (c)(1)(A) now provides that:

[T]he Court, upon motion of the Director of Prisons, or the defendant after the defendant has fully exhausted all administrative rights to appeal a failure of the Bureau of Prisons to bring a motion on the defendant's behalf of, or the lapse of 30 days from the receipt of such a request by the warden of the defendant's facility, whichever is earlier, may reduce the term of imprisonment . . . after considering the factors set forth in section 3553 (a) to the extent they are applicable, if it

finds that – (i) extraordinary and compelling reasons warrant such a reduction . . . and that such a reduction is consistent with applicable policy statements issued by the sentencing commission.

Congress directed the United States Sentencing Commission, “in promulgating general policy statements regarding the sentencing modification provisions in section 3582 (c)(1)(A) of Title 18, [to] describe what should be considered extraordinary and compelling reasons for sentence reduction, including the criteria to be applied and a list of specific examples.” 28 USC section 994 (t); see also 28 USC 994 (a) (2) (c). In the United States Sentencing Commission Guidelines Manual (the “USSG”), the Sentencing Commission has published a policy statement addressing the standards for compassionate release. See USSG section 1B1, (the “Policy Statement”). 1B1.13. That Policy Statement reiterates that a court may reduce a term of imprisonment under section 3582 (c)(1)(A) if “extraordinary and compelling reasons warrant the reduction” and “after considering the factors set forth in 18 USC section 3553 (a) to the extent that they are applicable.” *Id.* The Policy Statement also directs courts to determine that “the defendant is not a danger to the safety of any other person or to the community,” before reducing a term of imprisonment under section 3582 (c)(1)(A). *Id.*

Section 3582 (c)(1)(A) also requires a defendant to exhaust his administrative remedies with the BOP before seeking judicial relief. United States v. Alan, 2020 WL 2845694, at 2 (6<sup>th</sup> cir. June 2, 2020). A defendant may exhaust his administrative remedies in one of two ways: (1) by exhausting his “administrative rights to appeal a failure of the [BOP] to bring a motion on the defendant’s behalf,” or (2) on “the lapse of 30 days from the receipt of such a request by the warden of the defendant’s facility, whichever is earlier.” 18 USC section 3582 (c)(1)(A).

In the present case, Defendant has exhausted his administrative remedies. Defendant made a request to the warden for compassionate release. Thereafter, the warden did not answer

Defendant's request within 30 days. (Exhibit A). Thus, this Court has jurisdiction to rule on Defendant's request.

Elderly Prisoner with Medical Concerns

Defendant is an elderly prisoner with medical concerns and is more susceptible to Covid-19. The PSR states that in August 1990, Defendant was the victim of a shooting, and sustained injuries to his back and lungs. He underwent surgery to remove a bullet from his left lung. A portion of his lung was removed during surgery.

On March 13, 1996, the PSR states that Defendant was once again the victim of a shooting. He sustained six gunshot wounds to his face, neck, arm and chest. He was taken to Elmhurst Hospital in Queens, New York, where an exploratory laparotomy, splenectomy, and partial pancreatectomy were performed. Subsequent x-rays revealed two fractured ribs, a fractured mandible, and bullet fragments in his chest. Also during the shooting, one bullet transected the right optic nerve. As a result, Defendant lost vision in that eye.

He remained at Elmhurst Hospital for twenty-seven days, and was mechanically ventilated for at least 96 consecutive hours. Defendant also suffered excessive bleeding from his nose with aspiration into his lungs, swelling in his face and neck, distended abdomen, hypoxia, an aneurism in the right lateral maxillary artery, respiratory distress and failure, abdominal bleeding, slurred speech, occluded artery, and an inability to breathe through his nose.

On April 9, 1996, Defendant was transferred from Elmhurst Hospital to Mount Sinai Medical Center in New York, New York. He remained at this hospital for nine days. During this time, he underwent surgery to remove the bullet fragments in his chest, a papillotomy, and a gallstone removal. He was subsequently readmitted to Mount Sinai Medical Center for

hypovolemia (decreased blood volume) and gastrointestinal bleeding. An endoscopy and a blood transfusion were performed. (See Exhibit B).

Based on these shootings, Defendant is now asplenic. He has no spleen which functions to fight off viruses. He has already contracted Covid-19 once and was severely ill. He was told that if he were to contract it again it would probably kill him. The Center for Disease Control (CDC) has compiled a list of medical conditions that place a person at high risk of severe illness if they contract Covid-19 and a person's age<sup>1</sup> are among these conditions along with being asplenic. (see <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/people-with-medical-conditions.html>). There is presently a severe outbreak of Covid-19 within the Federal Bureau of Prisons and hundreds of prisoners have died from this disease. There are at least 20 inmates with Covid-19 in the institution where Defendant is presently incarcerated at the time of this writing. There are several different variants of Covid arriving now in the BOP and starting to spread fast. The CDC has stated that people who have a condition or are taking medications that weaken their immune system may not be protected even if they are fully vaccinated. Thus even the vaccine cannot protect Defendant based on him being asplenic. It is much more difficult to protect yourself from Covid-19 in the prison system. Several federal courts have granted compassionate release to inmates who suffer from many of the conditions listed by the CDC including a person's age and other medical conditions. See e.g., United States v. Howard, 2020 WL 2200855, at 3 (E.D.N.C. May 6, 2020) (defendant was 52 years old and suffering from COPD and obesity, and other issues).

Since the beginning of the pandemic Defendant has been worried about contracting Covid-19. Given his age and his medical conditions he is concerned about what might happen to

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<sup>1</sup> Defendant is presently 57 years old.

him if he contracts Covid-19 again. He is greatly concerned about the institution's ability to keep him separated from others, but further that if he does get sick again, that the institution lacks the ability to properly meet his medical needs. He therefore requests this Court to order him released. Given these circumstances, Defendant requests this Court to grant him a compassionate release as permitted by 18 USC section 3582 (c)(1)(A).

Extraordinary Long Sentence

Defendant has been incarcerated for approximately 25 years. With his good time he only has a few years left on his sentence. According to the Overview of Federal Criminal Cases published by the United States Sentencing Commission for the fiscal year of 2019, the average sentence imposed for murder is 255 months, a sentence that Defendant has already served. U.S. Sentencing Comm., Overview of Federal Criminal Cases Fiscal Year 2019, at 9 (2020). Also see United States v. Rios, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 230074 (D. Conn. Dec. 8, 2020).

In the PSR, the United States Probation Department incorrectly calculated my guidelines sentencing range to be life imprisonment because the calculations were above a level 43.

The Application Note 2 of Chapter 5 of the Guidelines Manual addresses this issue which states as follows:

"In rare cases, a total offense level of less than 1 or more than 43 may result from application of the guidelines. A total offense level of less than 1 is to be treated as an offense level of 1. An offense level of more than 43 is to be treated as an offense level of 43."

Thus, my guideline calculations should have readjusted to a level 43 once the Probation Department determined that the offense level exceeded the level 43.

I was supposed to receive a three (3) level reduction for an acceptance of responsibility which would have re-adjusted the offense level to level 40 with a guideline range of 25 to 30.6 years of incarceration and a criminal history level one.

Moreover, under New York law conspiracy to commit murder carries a sentence of 0 to 25 years. See N.Y. penal law section 105.15. And a murder charge carries a sentence of 25 years to life. N.Y. penal law section 125.25. Defendant has already served this sentence because his Racketeering murder conviction is governed by state law. See United States v. Powell, 2019 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 171895 (D. Conn. Oct. 3, 2019).

The Fourth Circuit has instructed that “courts are ‘empowered . . . to consider any extraordinary and compelling reason for release that a defendant might raise.’” United States v. McCoy, 961 F. 3d 271, 284 (4<sup>th</sup> cir. 2020). The McCoy court stated that district courts have the discretion to deem sentencing disparities, such as these presented here, as extraordinary and compelling justifications for relief. United States v. Ramos, 2021 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 41776 (D. of Md. March 4, 2021). The Second Circuit recently recognized that the First Step Act “freed district courts to consider the full slate of extraordinary and compelling reasons that an imprisoned person might bring before them on motions for compassionate release.” United States v. Brooker, 976 F. 2d 228, 237 (2d Cir. 2020) ([A] district court’s discretion in this area – as in all sentencing matters is broad).

Numerous District Courts have reduced these extraordinary long sentences under the new compassionate release statute entitled First Step Act. See United States v. Torres, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 95393 (S.D.N.Y. June 1, 2020) (life sentences reduced to time served); United States v. Mondeira, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 37483 (S.D. Cal. March 3, 2020) (mandatory life without parole reduced to time served); United States v. Perez, 2021 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 41040

(Dist. of Conn. March 4, 2021) (Defendant convicted of murder-for-hire and sentenced to mandatory life reduced to time served); United States v. Gluzman, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 131749 (S.D.N.Y. July 23, 2020) (granting compassionate release to defendant convicted of the premeditated murder of spouse and sentenced to life); United States v. Tidwell, 475 F. Supp. 3d 66 (E.D. Pa 2020) (granting compassionate release to defendant sentenced to life for murder in furtherance of a continuing criminal enterprise); United States v. Rodriguez, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 181004 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 30, 2020) (granting compassionate release to defendant convicted of the brutal murder of a government informant and sentenced to life); United States v Rios, 2020 U.S. Dist. Lexis 230074 (D. Conn. Dec. 8, 2020) (granting compassionate release to defendant convicted of VICAR murder and sentenced to life).

Accordingly, Defendant has also demonstrated extraordinary and compelling circumstances for relief under section 3582 (c)(1)(A) based on sentencing disparities.

#### Extraordinary Rehabilitation

Defendant has been completely rehabilitated. Although the compassionate release statute provides that “[r]ehabilitation of the defendant alone shall not be considered an extraordinary and compelling reason.” 28 USC section 994 (t) (emphasis added). But as the Second Circuit recognized in a recent decision, while rehabilitation “alone” is insufficient, it can “interact with the present coronavirus pandemic” to create an extraordinary and compelling reason for a sentence reduction. United States v. Brooker, 976 F. 3d 228, 2020 U.S. App. LEXIS 30605, 2020 WL 5739712, \* 9 (2d Cir. Sept. 25, 2020). See also United States v. Millan, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 59955, 2020 WL 1674058 at \*7 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 6, 2020) (“[Congress]” use of the modifier ‘alone’ evidenced that [it] believed that rehabilitation is relevant to the question of whether a sentence should be reduced and that rehabilitation, when considered together with



other equitable factors, could constitute extraordinary and compelling reasons for a sentencing reduction.”).

Here, the evidence of Defendant’s rehabilitation cannot be disputed. Defendant has taken approximately 132 classes (Exhibit C). And he is still taking classes. He only has a couple minor infractions over his 25 years of incarceration. He also saved an inmate’s life who attempted to commit suicide while housed at the Metropolitan Correctional Center in New York. (Exhibit D) In his 25 years of imprisonment, he has matured from a rash young man pursuing a lawless lifestyle, to a reflective, empathetic middle-aged adult. And he has done all this while realizing that he is serving a very long sentence.

The United States Supreme Court recently ruled in Concepcion v. United States, 2022 U.S. LEXIS 3070 (June 27, 2022), that when deciding if it should impose a reduced sentence on an individual under section 404(b) of the First Step Act of 2018, a district court may consider intervening legal and factual developments. Thus, I am requesting that the Court consider all of my rehabilitative efforts when ruling on this motion.

All of the above overwhelming evidence of rehabilitation weighs in favor of a finding that extraordinary and compelling reasons exist to modify Defendant’s sentence. That Defendant has developed such an outstanding record in prison without any tangible incentive other than self-improvement, given his extraordinary long sentence weighs all the more strongly still. See Millian, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 59955, 2020 WL 1674058 at \*7.

#### Section 3553 (a) Factors

Although Defendant believes that he has established extraordinary and compelling reasons for compassionate release, section 3582 (c)(1)(A) requires the Court to also consider the factors set forth in 18 USC section 3553 (a), including “the nature and circumstances of the

offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant,” the need for the sentence imposed “to reflect the seriousness of the offense, to promote respect for the law, and to provide just punishment for the offense,” the need for the sentence “to afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct,” and “to protect the public from further crimes of the defendant,” and the need “to provide the defendant with needed educational or vocational training, medical care, or other correctional treatment in the most effective manner.” 18 USC section 3553 (a) (1), (2).

As to the “history and characteristics” of Defendant, in making this analysis, this court can be guided by the Supreme Court’s observation that “evidence of post-sentencing rehabilitation may plainly be relevant to ‘the history and characteristics of the defendant.’” Pepper v. United States, 562 U.S. 476, 491, 131 S. Ct. 1229, 179 L. Ed. 2d 196 (2011). As detailed above, Defendant has undertaken extraordinary efforts at rehabilitation since his incarceration. This remarkable post-sentencing record weighs strongly in favor of a sentencing reduction.

Regarding “the need to protect the public from further crimes,” it is well established that there is zero chance that Defendant will reoffend.

Defendant’s outstanding long-term prison record, lack of any significant disciplinary history, and the letters of support submitted by prison staff regarding Defendant saving an inmate’s life, all attesting to Defendant’s reformation, points to a changed man. The BOP has his Recidivism Risk Level at minimum. (Exhibit C, p. 8). Thus, there is very little evidence to suggest that Defendant would go out and commit new crimes.

Section 3553 (a) also requires that a sentence “reflect the seriousness of the offense,” “promote respect for the law,” and “provide just punishment for the offense.” Defendant was sentenced to 38 years. Numerous district courts have granted compassionate release to

individuals serving life without parole. United States v. Dusenbery, WL 6694408 (N.D. Oh. Nov. 13, 2020) (mandatory life sentence granted compassionate release); United States v. Gluzman, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 131749 (S.D.N.Y. July 23, 2020) (granting compassionate release to defendant convicted of the premeditated murder of her spouse and sentenced to life); United States v. Rodriguez, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 181004, 492 F. Supp. 3d 306 (S.D.N.Y. Sep. 30, 2020) (granting compassionate release to defendant convicted of murdering a government informant and sentenced to life); United States v. Rios, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 230074 (D. Conn. Dec. 8, 2020) (Granting compassionate release to defendant convicted of VICAR murder and sentenced to life). Although the seriousness of a defendant's offense must be considered when determining whether a reduction is appropriate, it should be weighed alongside the other section 3553 (a) factors, particularly effective deterrence and public protection, and any other considerations the court deems important.

Defendant has served over 25 years of incarceration for this offense when the average sentence imposed for murder is 255 months. See U.S. Sentencing Comm., Overview of Federal Criminal Cases, Fiscal Year 2019, at 9 (2020). Also see United States v. Rios, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 230074 (D. Conn. Dec. 8, 2020). The Pandemic, aside from posing a threat to Defendant's health, has made Defendant's incarceration harsher and more punitive than would otherwise have been the case. This is because the Federal Prisons, as "prime candidates" for the spread of the virus, see United States v. Al Kassar, 480 F. Supp. 3d 582 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 19, 2020), have had to impose onerous lockdowns and restrictions that have made the incarceration of prisoners far harsher than normal. For someone with Defendant's health profile, the risk of suffering severe health consequences if he contracts Covid 19 again, coupled to the severe conditions imposed by the concomitant lockdowns and restrictions that are necessary to ensure

Defendant's safety, means that "the actual severity of [Defendant's] sentence as a result of the Covid-19 outbreak exceeds what the court anticipated at the time of sentencing." United States v. Mel, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 74491, 2020 WL 2041674, at \*3 (D. Md. Apr. 28, 2020).

Based on all of the above, releasing Defendant after 25 years of incarceration will "reflect the seriousness of the offense," "promote respect for the law," and "provide just punishment for the offense."

Finally, in assessing whether release is appropriate, this Court also considers whether a reduction "in a defendant's sentence would lead to substantial sentencing disparities with other criminal defendants convicted of similar conduct. Being that Defendant has served over 25 years of incarceration for this offense when the average sentence imposed for murder is 255 months, this case does not create impermissible sentencing disparities.

After consideration of the 3553 (a) factors, this Court should conclude that continued incarceration of Defendant, exposing him to potentially severe consequences of coronavirus infection is too harsh a sentence and in light of his extraordinary and compelling circumstances regarding his other issues and prison record, his motion for compassionate release should be granted.

CONCLUSION

Based on the above, Defendant requests the Court to grant his compassionate release motion and reduce his sentence to time served. Defendant also requests this court to appoint counsel to help him litigate this case.

Respectfully submitted,

Vito Guzzo

Vito Guzzo  
Defendant in pro per  
Reg. No. 48164-053  
FCI Danbury  
Route 37  
Danbury, CT 06811

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

It is hereby certified that a copy of the foregoing this 23rd day of September

2022, was served upon the following:

Office of the U.S. Attorney  
271 Cadman Plaza, E.  
Brooklyn, N.Y. 11201

Vito Guzzo  
Vito Guzzo

TRULINCS 48164053 - GUZZO, VITO - Unit: DAN-H-A

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FROM: 48164053

TO: Warden

SUBJECT: \*\*\*Request to Staff\*\*\* GUZZO, VITO, Reg# 48164053, DAN-H-A

DATE: 08/17/2022 06:03:12 PM

To: warden

Inmate Work Assignment: orderly

I am requesting a compassionate release. I am 57 years old and have many covid 19 risk factors. I have served almost 80% of my time and have completed over 60 classes for rehabilitation. I am requesting a review for compassionate release due to covid 19 risk factors and the new covid 19 variants. Thank you for your time and consideration.

Exhibit A

To:  
Fw: \*\*\*Request to Staff\*\*\* GUZZO, VITO, Reg# 48164053, DAN-H-A

DAN-InmateToWarden (BOP) <DAN-InmateToWarden@bop.gov>

Thu 8/18/2022 11:50 AM

From: ~^! GUZZO, ~^! VITO <48164053@inmatemessage.com>

Sent: Wednesday, August 17, 2022 6:03 PM

To: DAN-InmateToWarden (BOP) <DAN-InmateToWarden@bop.gov>

Subject: \*\*\*Request to Staff\*\*\* GUZZO, VITO, Reg# 48164053, DAN-H-A

To: warden

Inmate Work Assignment: orderly

\*\*\*ATTENTION\*\*\*

Please cut and paste the message indicator below into the subject line; only this indicator can be in the subject line.

55872025-2917-4fc5-9a67-f8cddf6cad79

Your response must come from the departmental mail box. Responses from personal mailboxes WILL NOT be delivered to the inmate.

\*\*\*Inmate Message Below\*\*\*

I am requesting a compassionate release. I am 57 years old and have many covid 19 risk factors. I have served almost 80% of my time and have completed over 60 classes for rehabilitation. I am requesting a review for compassionate release due to covid 19 risk factors and the new covid 19 variants. Thank you for your time and consideration.

Please see attached application, please complete and return.

Thank you

RAdamsen 8/19/22

Physical Condition

Vito Guzzo's PSR Medical History

265. In August 1990, the defendant was the victim of a shooting, and sustained injuries to his back and lungs. He was treated at Booth Memorial Hospital in Queens, New York, and underwent surgery to remove a bullet from his left lung. The defendant indicated that a portion of his lung was removed during this surgery. He remained hospitalized for eleven days following his surgery. Shortly thereafter, the defendant was admitted to St. John' Hospital in Queens, New York, after suffering an aneurism in his left arm. The defendant attributed his condition to the shooting and the subsequent surgery.
266. On March 13, 1996, the defendant was once again the victim of a shooting. As corroborated by a medical summary prepared by defense counsel, on this occasion, the defendant sustained six gunshot wounds to his face, neck, arm, and chest. He was taken to Elmhurst Hospital in Queens, New York, where an exploratory laparotomy, splenectomy, and partial pancreatectomy were performed. Subsequent x-rays revealed two fractured ribs, a fractured mandible, and bullet fragments in his chest. Also, during the shooting, one bullet apparently transected the right optic nerve. As a result, the defendant lost vision in that eye.
267. He remained at Elmhurst Hospital for twenty-seven days, and was mechanically ventilated for at least 96 consecutive hours. Additionally, the defendant suffered excessive bleeding from his nose with aspiration into his lungs, swelling in his face and neck, distended abdomen, hypoxia, an aneurism in the right lateral maxillary artery, mild respiratory distress and failure, abdominal bleeding, slurred speech, occluded artery, and an inability to breath through his nose.
268. On April 9, 1996, the defendant was transferred from Elmhurst Hospital to Mount Sinai Medical Center in New York, New York. He remained at this hospital for nine days. During this time, he underwent surgery to remove the bullet fragments in his chest, a papillotomy, and a gallstone removal. He was subsequently readmitted to Mount Sinai Medical Center for hypovolemia (decreased blood volume) and gastrointestinal bleeding. An endoscopy and a blood transfusion were performed.
269. Medical records from the above hospitals and the Bureau of Prisons have been requested, and responses are awaited. Neither the defendant, his attorney, nor his mother were able to provide medical records or bills for the defendant's treatment.

Substance Abuse

270. The defendant reported no history of drug or alcohol use. The defendant's mother indicated that she has never known him to use drugs or alcohol. Urinalysis results from the Bureau of Prisons have been requested, and a response is awaited.

Exhibit B





## Individualized Needs Plan - Program Review (Inmate Copy)

SEQUENCE: 00709623

Dept. of Justice / Federal Bureau of Prisons

Team Date: 05-27-2022

Plan is for Inmate: GUZZO, VITO 48164-053

Facility: DAN DANBURY FCI  
 Name: GUZZO, VITO  
 Register No.: 48164-053  
 Age: 57  
 Date of Birth: 12-02-1964

Proj. Rel. Date: 11-04-2029  
 Proj. Rel. Mthd: GOOD CONDUCT TIME  
 DNA Status: SCH03087 / 06-01-2011

## Detainers

Detaining Agency	Remarks
NO DETAINER	

## Current Work Assignments

Fac	Assignment	Description	Start
DAN	ORD 8/H	ORDERLY FOR H DORM	02-26-2022

## Current Education Information

Fac	Assignment	Description	Start
DAN	ESL HAS	ENGLISH PROFICIENT	02-25-1999
DAN	GED HAS	COMPLETED GED OR HS DIPLOMA	02-25-1999

## Education Courses

SubFac	Action	Description	Start	Stop
DAN		V-HOUSEKEEPING APPRENTICESHIP	03-20-2022	CURRENT
DAN M	C	HOME INSPECTOR TRAINING COURSE	10-18-2021	11-22-2021
DEV LOW	C	EMPLOYMENT RPP2/JOB SKILLS	03-01-2021	03-12-2021
DEV LOW	C	MONEY SMART RPP3/FINANCE	02-01-2021	03-01-2021
DEV LOW	C	ENHANCING YOUR VOCABULARY	02-01-2021	03-01-2021
DEV LOW	C	ACE OCEAN REALMS	10-01-2020	11-01-2020
DEV LOW	C	INSPIRING THEMES ACE CLASS 1	08-01-2020	10-03-2020
DEV LOW	C	EMPLOYMENT RPP2/EMPLOY	08-01-2020	08-23-2020
DEV LOW	C	EMPLOYMENT RPP2/RESUME	08-01-2020	08-23-2020
DEV LOW	C	NEPT RPP1/HLTH	11-24-2019	01-02-2020
DEV LOW	C	BLOOD PRESSURE WELLNESS CLASS	11-02-2019	03-01-2020
DEV LOW	C	BUSINESS OF FITNESS/RPP1/HLTH	11-28-2019	02-28-2020
DEV LOW	C	INTRO TO NUTRITION	08-15-2019	10-25-2019
DEV LOW	C	MENS HEALTH LEISURE CLASS	08-15-2019	10-25-2019
DEV LOW	C	WEIGHT MANAGEMENT	05-20-2019	07-29-2019
DEV LOW	C	ANATOMY WELLNESS CLASS	02-25-2019	05-06-2019
DEV LOW	C	WEIGHT MANAGEMENT	06-18-2018	08-20-2018
SEA	W	STARTING A SMALL BUSINESS - FI	04-12-2018	05-17-2018
SEA	W	U.S. PRESIDENTS	04-11-2018	05-16-2018
SEA	C	STARTING A NON-PROFIT ORGANIZA	02-14-2018	03-21-2018
SEA	C	ENGLISH COMPOSITION & GRAMMAR	02-13-2018	03-20-2018
SEA	C	SMALL BUSINESS ADVERTISING	12-06-2017	01-31-2018
SEA	C	STARTING A SMALL BUSINESS - FI	12-05-2017	01-30-2018
SEA	C	MANAGING A SMALL BUSINESS	10-12-2017	11-16-2017
SEA	C	HOW TO FINANCE A SMALL BUSINES	10-10-2017	11-14-2017
SEA	C	WRITING A BUSINESS PLAN	08-03-2017	09-14-2017
SEA	C	SMALL BUSINESS MARKETING TECHN	08-03-2017	09-14-2017
SEA	C	SMALL BUSINESS ADVERTISING	08-01-2017	09-04-2017
SEA	W	HOW TO FINANCE A SMALL BUSINES	06-07-2017	07-12-2017
SEA	C	STARTING A SMALL BUSINESS - FI	06-08-2017	07-13-2017
SEA	C	SMALL BUSINESS MARKETING TECHN	04-13-2017	05-18-2017
SEA	C	TECHNICAL STOCK ANALYSIS	04-12-2017	05-17-2017
SEA	C	JOB SEARCH TECHNIQUES	10-13-2016	11-17-2016
SEA	W	BUILDING WEALTH	06-06-2016	06-21-2016
SEA	C	MEGA MEMORY CLASS	04-07-2016	05-12-2016
SEA	C	WALL STREET 101	04-05-2016	05-10-2016
SEA	C	EAT FOR HEALTH/FIT FOR LIFE 1	10-20-2015	01-04-2016

Exhibit C



## Individualized Needs Plan - Program Review (Inmate Copy)

SEQUENCE: 007096: 3

Dept. of Justice / Federal Bureau of Prisons

Team Date: 05-27-20: 2

Plan is for Inmate: GUZZO, VITO 48164-053

SubFac	Action	Description	Start	Stop
SEA	C	INVESTING IN FUNDS 3	07-07-2015	07-28-2015
SEA	C	EFFECTIVE TIME MANAGEMENT SKILLS	08-14-2015	09-04-2015
SEA	C	INCOME TAX CLASS	07-01-2015	08-05-2015
SEA	C	ADMISSION AND ORIENTATION	06-29-2015	06-29-2015
SEA	C	RELEASE REQUIREMENTS 5	06-29-2015	06-29-2015
DAN M	C	ITALIAN ACE CLASS	01-07-2015	03-16-2015
SCH	C	AGE EMPIRE AND DYNASTY	01-08-2014	01-30-2014
SCH	C	BUSINESS PLANS 4	11-05-2013	11-27-2013
SCH	C	HISTORY OF U.S.PRESIDENTS PT.1	11-06-2013	11-28-2013
SCH	C	APPROPRIATE WRK HABITS	10-17-2013	11-07-2013
SCH	C	RESUME EDITING	10-10-2013	11-01-2013
SCH	C	AGE BODY ATLAS VIDEO SERIES	09-09-2013	10-01-2013
SCH	C	ENHANCE INTERVIEW SKILLS	07-11-2013	08-02-2013
SCH	C	CHESS OPENING COURSE	07-24-2013	07-24-2013
SCH	C	INCREASE PERSONAL PRODUCTIVITY	06-06-2013	06-28-2013
SCH	C	JOB CANDIDATES MARKETABILITY	04-04-2013	05-02-2013
SCH	C	REINVENTING SELF & LIFESTYLE	04-04-2013	05-02-2013
SCH	C	A FRESH START	05-02-2013	05-30-2013
SCH	C	RESEARCH SELF - JOB INTERVIEW	02-07-2013	03-04-2013
SCH	C	AGE GEOGRAPHY	03-07-2013	03-30-2013
SCH	C	REENTRY PLAN DEVELOPMENT	01-09-2013	01-30-2013
SCH	C	FCI ANGER MANAGEMENT	11-20-2012	01-11-2013
SCH	C	BUSINESS PLANS TWO	10-03-2012	10-31-2012
SCH	C	PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS PART 2	10-03-2012	10-25-2012
SCH	C	RESUME BUILDING	10-09-2012	10-30-2012
SCH	C	WORLD AT WAR	09-10-2012	10-02-2012
SCH	C	FAMOUS AMERICAN VIDEO SERIES	10-09-2012	10-23-2012
SCH	C	AGE BUSINESS PLANS	09-05-2012	09-25-2012
SCH	C	PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS PART 1	09-10-2012	09-24-2012
SCH	C	WORLD AT WAR VIDEO 1	09-10-2012	09-24-2012
SCH	C	PROFESSIONAL WRITING EVERY DAY	09-18-2012	09-25-2012
SCH	C	HISTORY OF NEW YORK VIDEO SERI	08-08-2012	08-15-2012
SCH	C	LIFELONG HEALTH	06-04-2012	06-25-2012
SCH	C	CHESS OPENING COURSE	02-28-2012	05-08-2012
SCH	C	AGE UNIVERSE VIDEO SERIES	04-16-2012	04-30-2012
SCH	C	HOW TO START A CONVERSATION	04-04-2012	04-18-2012
SCH	C	CONCERT VIDEOS 2	04-02-2012	04-10-2012
SCH	C	GET RIGHT WITH YOUR TAXES	03-11-2012	04-08-2012
SCH	C	FIRST IMPRESSIONS	01-04-2012	01-18-2012
SCH	C	FCREIGN FILM CLASS	09-06-2011	01-31-2012
SCH	C	ADV DRUG LIFESTYLES	06-30-2011	08-25-2011
SCH	C	FAMOUS BATTLES PART 3	03-03-2011	03-25-2011
SCH	C	ADV DRUG LIFESTYLES	01-05-2011	03-23-2011
SCH	C	ADV CRIMINAL LIFESTYLES	03-25-2010	08-25-2010
SCH	C	ADV DRUG LIFESTYLES	09-02-2010	04-26-2011
SCH	C	AGE SPORTS CHAMPIONS VIDEOS	02-03-2011	02-25-2011
SCH	C	AGE VIKINGS VIDEOS PART 1	01-06-2011	01-13-2011
SCH	C	HISTORY OF U.S.PRESIDENTS PT.2	11-08-2010	11-16-2010
SCH	C	HISTORY OF U.S.PRESIDENTS PT.1	10-18-2010	11-02-2010
SCH	C	ANCIENT EMPIRES/DYNASTIES PT 2	07-12-2010	08-03-2010
SCH	C	AGE SMALL BUSINESS	08-09-2010	08-24-2010
SCH	C	ADV CRIMINAL LIFESTYLES	06-16-2010	08-25-2010
SCH	C	AGE UNIVERSE VIDEO SERIES	07-01-2010	07-30-2010
SCH	C	AGE SCIENCE OF MUSIC VIDEO	06-17-2010	06-25-2010
SCH	C	AGE EMPIRE AND DYNASTY	06-07-2010	06-22-2010
SCH	C	THE CIVIL WAR	05-03-2010	05-25-2010
SCH	C	HISTORY OF ROCK AND ROLL	04-08-2010	05-06-2010



## Individualized Needs Plan - Program Review (Inmate Copy)

SEQUENCE: 00709623

Dept. of Justice / Federal Bureau of Prisons

Team Date: 05-27-2022

Plan is for inmate: GUZZO, VITO 48164-053

SubFac	Action	Description	Start	Stop
SCH	C	ACE SCREEN PLAY WRITING 1	02-04-2010	02-26-2010
SCH	C	ACE MUSIC VIDEOS	03-04-2010	03-12-2010
SCH	C	ADV GAMBLING LIFESTYLES	09-21-2009	03-22-2010
SCH	C	FUNCTIONAL RESUME	01-13-2009	02-02-2010
SCH	C	ACE HUMAN BODY VIDEO SERIES	02-02-2010	02-24-2010
SCH	C	INTRODUCTION TO CULINARY ARTS	02-09-2010	02-24-2010
SCH	C	ACE ANCIENT ROME VIDEO	02-08-2010	02-09-2010
SCH	C	COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE	01-05-2010	01-27-2010
SCH	C	PLANET EARTH VIDEO SERIES	12-08-2009	01-27-2010
SCH	C	HISTORY OF DINOSAURS	01-04-2010	01-26-2010
SCH	C	ACE CURRENT EVENTS PT 2	12-07-2009	12-29-2009
SCH	C	ACE SHAKA ZULU VIDEO SERIES.	12-01-2009	12-29-2009
SCH	C	SCREEN PLAY WRITING PART 4	10-08-2009	10-30-2009
SCH	C	ADV GAMBLING LIFESTYLES	03-30-2009	09-14-2009
SCH	C	LIBERTY: AMERICAN REVOLUTION V	07-08-2009	07-23-2009
SCH	C	ACE MUSIC THEORY	06-01-2009	06-22-2009
SCH	C	NATURE VIDEO SERIES	06-04-2009	06-26-2009
SCH	C	AMERICAN BIOGRAPHIES	05-12-2009	05-27-2009
SCH	C	ADV CRIMINAL LIFESTYLES	09-24-2008	03-25-2009
SCH	C	FUNCTIONAL RESUME	01-20-2009	03-24-2009
SCH	C	JOB HUNTER FCI	11-10-2008	12-15-2008
SCH	C	SCREEN PLAY WRITING PART 3	11-05-2008	12-01-2008
SCH	C	PERSONAL FINANCE FCI	10-27-2008	12-02-2008
SCH	C	ACE SCREEN PLAY WRITING 2	10-08-2008	10-30-2008
SCH	C	LIFE STYLE ISSUES	07-01-2008	09-09-2008
SCH	C	PLANET EARTH VIDEO SERIES	09-04-2008	09-29-2008
SCH	C	ACE SCREEN PLAY WRITING 1	09-03-2008	09-29-2008
SCH	C	WEIGHT MANAGEMENT	04-08-2008	04-16-2008
SCH	C	NUTRITION	02-19-2008	02-28-2008
SCH	C	CERAMICS1	02-21-2008	02-29-2008
LEE	C	MOVIE CRITIC PROGRAM	01-19-2005	01-21-2005
LEE	C	STOCKS,BONDS,&TRADE ANALYSIS	10-10-2004	01-14-2005
LEE	C	MOVIE CRITIC PROGRAM	10-06-2004	10-15-2004
LEE	C	INTRODUCTION TO BUSINESS MGMT	07-19-2004	09-26-2004
LEE	C	BASIC REAL-ESTATE COURSE	07-13-2004	09-26-2004
LEE	C	MOVIE CRITIC PROGRAM	07-13-2004	07-16-2004
LEE	C	MOVIE CRITIC PROGRAM	06-09-2004	06-11-2004
MAR	C	ACE/CURRENT EVENTS FALL SEM.	11-03-2003	01-30-2004

## Discipline History (Last 6 months)

Hearing Date	Prohibited Acts
** NO INCIDENT REPORTS FOUND IN LAST 6 MONTHS **	

## Current Care Assignments

Assignment	Description	Start
CARE1	HEALTHY OR SIMPLE CHRONIC CARE	03-07-2007
CARE1-MH	CARE1-MENTAL HEALTH	06-18-2010

## Current Medical Duty Status Assignments

Assignment	Description	Start
C19-T NEG	COVID-19 TEST-RESULTS NEGATIVE	06-21-2021
LOWER BUNK	LOWER BUNK REQUIRED	06-17-2021
MED HOLD	MEDICAL HOLD - DO NOT TRANSFER	06-10-2021
PAPER	LEGACY PAPER MEDICAL RECORD	05-24-2019
REG DUTY	NO MEDICAL RESTR-REGULAR DUTY	05-10-2018
YES F/S	CLEARED FOR FOOD SERVICE	06-13-2018

## Current Drug Assignments

Sentry Data as of 05-27-2022

Individualized Needs Plan - Program Review (Inmate Copy)

Page 3 of 6



## Individualized Needs Plan - Program Review (Inmate Copy)

SEQUENCE: 00709623

Dept. of Justice / Federal Bureau of Prisons

Team Date: 05-27-2022

Plan is for inmate: GUZZO, VITO 48164-053

Assignment	Description	Start
DAP NO INT	DRUG ABUSE PROGRAM NO INTEREST	08-02-2017
DRG I NONE	NO DRUG INTERVIEW REQUIRED	03-07-1999

## FRP Payment Plan

## Most Recent Payment Plan

FRP Assignment: COMPLT FINANC RESP-COMPLETED Start: 03-20-2001

Inmate Decision: AGREED \$50.00 Frequency: MONTHLY

Payments past 6 months: \$0.00 Obligation Balance: \$0.00

## Financial Obligations

No.	Type	Amount	Balance	Payable	Status
1	ASSMT	\$1,050.00	\$0.00	IMMEDIATE	COMPLETEDZ

\*\* NO ADJUSTMENTS MADE IN LAST 6 MONTHS \*\*

## FRP Deposits

Trust Fund Deposits - Past 6 months: \$4,866.80 Payments commensurate ? Y

New Payment Plan: \*\* No data \*\*

## Current FSA Assignments

Assignment	Description	Start
FTC ELIG.	FTC-ELIGIBLE - REVIEWED	01-02-2020
N-ANGER Y	NEED - ANGER/HOSTILITY YES	01-16-2022
N-ANTISO R	NEED - ANTISOCIAL PEERS REFUSE	01-16-2022
N-COGNTV R	NEED - COGNITIONS REFUSE	01-16-2022
N-DYSLEX N	NEED - DYSLEXIA NO	05-28-2021
N-EDUC N	NEED - EDUCATION NO	01-16-2022
N-FIN PV Y	NEED - FINANCE/POVERTY YES	01-16-2022
N-FM/PAR N	NEED - FAMILY/PARENTING NO	01-16-2022
N-M HLTH N	NEED - MENTAL HEALTH NO	01-16-2022
N-MEDICL N	NEED - MEDICAL NO	01-16-2022
N-RLF N	NEED - REC/LEISURE/FITNESS NO	01-16-2022
N-SUB AB N	NEED - SUBSTANCE ABUSE NO	01-16-2022
N-TRAUMA Y	NEED - TRAUMA YES	04-13-2022
N-WORK Y	NEED - WORK YES	01-16-2022
R-MIN	MINIMUM RISK RECIDIVISM LEVEL	05-27-2022

## Progress since last review

Since last review, no ACE courses completed. Long Term Goal Progress: Since last review, enrolled in V-HOUSEKEEPING APPRENTICESHIP.  
General Progress: Since last review, clear conduct maintained. Four FSA courses completed to date.

## Next Program Review Goals

We again recommend you complete two sentry based ACE, wellness or VT courses by next review in 11/22.

## Long Term Goals

ENROLL IN AN APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM SEE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT FOR DETAILS AND COMPLETE AS INSTRUCTED BY EDUCATION. Be enrolled in a program and complete 1000 hours by 11/25/23.

## RRC/HC Placement

No.

Management decision - Note: You will be reviewed for RRC placement at least 17-19 months before your release date pursuant to the Second Chance Act.

## Comments

Note: You will be reviewed for RRC placement at least 17-19 months before your release date pursuant to the Second Chance Act.

Pursuant to the First Step Act of 2018 sections 101 & 102, 18USC3632, and Program Statement 5400.01, First Step Act Needs Assessment, the 13 identified need areas have been reviewed in this case by the departments responsible for each area. Based upon this review, it has been determined First Step Act needs exist in the following areas (ANGER/HOSTILITY, FINANCE/POVERTY, WORK). In order to effectively address these needs, it recommended you enroll/complete Evidence-Based Recidivism Reduction Programs and/or Productive Activities in the departments responsible for each needs area identified above. The Unit Team recommends you complete these courses by



## Individualized Needs Plan - Program Review (Inmate Copy)

SEQUENCE: 00709623

Dept. of Justice / Federal Bureau of Prisons

Team Date: 05-27-2022

Plan is for inmate: GUZZO, VITO 48164-053

4/22/2024. The Unit Team recommends you complete Money Smart to satisfy the Finance Needs area by 5/25/23.

DANG5 540\*23 \*  
PAGE 001 \*

SENTENCE MONITORING  
COMPUTATION DATA  
AS OF 05-27-2022

\* 05-27-2022  
\* 14:12:52

REGNO...: 48164-053 NAME: GUZZO, VITO

FBI NO.....: 612914CA1  
ARS1.....: DAN/A-DES  
UNIT.....: E  
DETAINEES.....: NO

DATE OF BIRTH: 12-02-1964 AGE: 57

QUARTERS.....: H04-034L  
NOTIFICATIONS: NO

FSA ELIGIBILITY STATUS IS: ELIGIBLE

THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE DATA IS FOR THE INMATE'S CURRENT COMMITMENT.

HOME DETENTION ELIGIBILITY DATE.....: 05-04-2029

THE INMATE IS PROJECTED FOR RELEASE: 11-04-2029 VIA GCT REL

-----CURRENT JUDGMENT/WARRANT NO: 010 -----

COURT OF JURISDICTION.....: NEW YORK, EASTERN DISTRICT  
DOCKET NUMBER.....: 95 CR 0754 (SJ)  
JUDGE.....: JOHNSON, JR.  
DATE SENTENCED/PROBATION IMPOSED: 10-16-1998  
DATE COMMITTED.....: 02-16-1999  
HOW COMMITTED.....: US DISTRICT COURT COMMITMENT  
PROBATION IMPOSED.....: NO

	FELONY ASSESS	MISDMNR ASSESS	FINES	COSTS
NON-COMMITTED..:	\$1,050.00	\$00.00	\$00.00	\$00.00
RESTITUTION...:	PROPERTY: NO	SERVICES: NO	AMOUNT: \$00.00	

-----CURRENT OBLIGATION NO: 010 -----

OFFENSE CODE.....: 545 18:1962 RACKETEER (RICO)  
OFF/CHG: 18 USC 1962(C) & (D); 1959(A) (1), (A) (3), (A) (5) & (A) (6); 1951:  
CONSP/RACKETEERING; CONSP/MURDER IN AID OF RACKETEERING; CONSP/  
ARMED ROBBERY; CONSP/VIOLENT CRIME IN AID OF RACKETEERING

SENTENCE PROCEDURE.....: 3559 PLRA SENTENCE  
SENTENCE IMPOSED/TIME TO SERVE..: 456 MONTHS  
TERM OF SUPERVISION.....: 5 YEARS  
CLASS OF OFFENSE.....: CLASS A FELONY  
DATE OF OFFENSE.....: 09-14-1998

G0002 MORE PAGES TO FOLLOW . . .



DANG5 540\*23 \*  
PAGE 002 OF 002 \*

SENTENCE MONITORING  
COMPUTATION DATA  
AS OF 05-27-2022

\* 05-27-2022  
\* 14:12:52

REGNO...: 48164-053 NAME: GUZZO, VITO

N

2

-----CURRENT COMPUTATION NO: 010 -----

COMPUTATION 010 WAS LAST UPDATED ON 04-06-2020 AT DSC AUTOMATICALLY  
COMPUTATION CERTIFIED ON 04-16-2010 BY DESIG/SENTENCE COMPUTATION CTR

THE FOLLOWING JUDGMENTS, WARRANTS AND OBLIGATIONS ARE INCLUDED IN  
CURRENT COMPUTATION 010: 010 010

DATE COMPUTATION BEGAN.....: 10-16-1998  
TOTAL TERM IN EFFECT.....: 456 MONTHS  
TOTAL TERM IN EFFECT CONVERTED...: 38 YEARS  
EARLIEST DATE OF OFFENSE.....: 09-14-1998

JAIL CREDIT.....: FROM DATE THRU DATE  
04-08-1997 10-15-1998

TOTAL PRIOR CREDIT TIME.....: 556  
TOTAL INOPERATIVE TIME.....: 0  
TOTAL GCT EARNED AND PROJECTED...: 1981  
TOTAL GCT EARNED.....: 1279  
STATUTORY RELEASE DATE PROJECTED: 11-04-2029  
ELDERLY OFFENDER TWO THIRDS DATE: 08-08-2022  
EXPIRATION FULL TERM DATE.....: 04-08-2035  
TIME SERVED.....: 25 YEARS 1 MONTHS 20 DAYS  
PERCENTAGE OF FULL TERM SERVED...: 66.1  
PERCENT OF STATUTORY TERM SERVED: 77.1

PROJECTED SATISFACTION DATE.....: 11-04-2029  
PROJECTED SATISFACTION METHOD...: GCT REL

REMARKS.....: 04-14-10: COMP ASSUMED BY DSCC; DIS & FFT GCT TAKEN. SPS/D  
12-13-10: DIS & FFT GCT RESTORED. SPS/D 05-30-14: DIS GCT.  
D/SPS. 4/6/20: FSA/GCT UPD D/JNW.

G0000 TRANSACTION SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED

## FSA Recidivism Risk Assessment (PATTERN 01.03.00)

Register Number: 48164-053, Last Name: GUZZO

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS

Register Number: 48164-053

Risk Level Inmate.....: R-MIN

Inmate Name

General Level.....: R-MIN (-6)

Last.....: GUZZO

Violent Level.....: R-MIN (5)

First.....: VITO 1

Security Level Inmate: LOW

Middle.....:

Security Level Faci...: LOW

Suffix.....:

Responsible Facility.: DAN

Gender.....: MALE

Start Incarceration...: 10/16/1998

## PATTERN Worksheet Summary

Item	- Value	- General Score	- Violent Score
Current Age	57	7	4
Walsh w/Conviction	FALSE	0	0
Violent Offense (PATTERN)	FALSE	0	0
Criminal History Points	0	0	0
History of Escapes	0	0	0
History of Violence	3	3	6
Education Score	HighSchoolDegreeOrGED	-2	-2
Drug Program Status	NoNeed	-6	-3
All Incident Reports (120 Months)	2	2	2
Serious Incident Reports (120 Months)	2	2	2
Time Since Last Incident Report	86	0	0
Time Since Last Serious Incident Report	86	0	0
FRP Refuse	FALSE	0	0
Programs Completed	66	-12	-4
Work Programs	0	0	0
		Total -6	5





Federal Bureau of Prisons

Northeast Regional Office

October 15, 1998

U.S. Customs House - 7th Floor  
2nd and Chestnut Streets  
Philadelphia, PA 19106

Jason L. Solotaroff  
Attorney at Law  
1585 Broadway, 19th Floor  
New York, NY 10036

Re: Your Request For Information, Request No. 99-1

Dear Mr. Solotaroff:

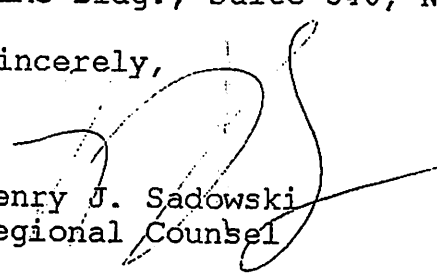
This is in response to your request, which was received in this office on October 13, 1998, wherein you request a copy of all documents pertaining to an attempted suicide on July 7, 1998 at the Metropolitan Correctional Center (MCC) New York.

In response to your request, five (5) pages of records were forwarded to this office for a determination of releasability to you. Upon review, it has been determined that one (1) page is releasable to you in its entirety and four (4) pages are releasable with information excised.

Four (4) pages have been excised because they contain third party information and information intended for staff use only. Release of this information could constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. The statutory basis for these excisions is 5 U.S.C. section 552 (b) (7) (C).

I trust this has been responsive to your request. However, if you are dissatisfied with this response, you may appeal to the Attorney General by filing a written appeal within 60 days of your receipt of this response to: Attorney General, Office of Information and Privacy, United States Department of Justice, FLAG Bldg., Suite 540, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20530.

Sincerely,

  
Henry J. Sadowski  
Regional Counsel

enclosures: 5 pages

cc: file

Exhibit D



U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Prisons

*Metropolitan Correctional Center*

150 Park Row  
New York, NY 10007

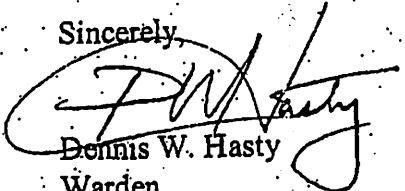
October 14, 1998

Honorable Sterling Johnson  
United States District Court  
Eastern District of New York  
225 Cadman Plaza East  
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Dear Judge Johnson:

I wish to inform the court that defendant Vito Guzzo, while housed at the Metropolitan Correctional Center, New York, acted in a responsible manner, notifying staff of an inmate who made a serious suicide attempt. Mr. Guzzo's actions assisted our staff in possibly preventing an inmate death.

Sincerely,

  
Dennis W. Hasty  
Warden

cc: File

DW:er



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

METROPOLITAN CORRECTIONAL CENTER  
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DATE: 7 July 1998

REPLY TO

ATTN. OF: Lieutenant E. Muloney

SUBJECT: Attempted suicide 5 North

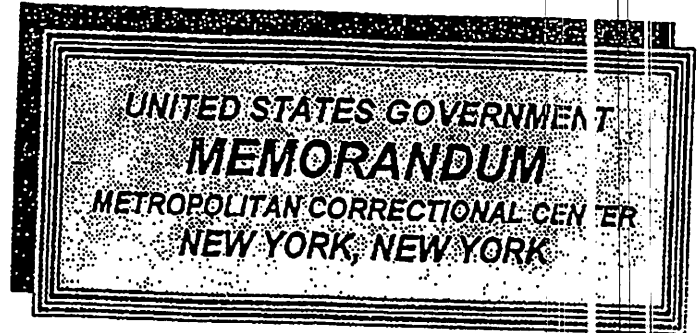
TO: Captain N. Aponte

On 7 July 1998, at approximately 3:10 PM, a body alarm was activated on unit 5 North. Upon arrival inmate (b)(7)(C) was lying on the floor on A tier he had red marks on his neck. P.A. was called and psychology was called. Responding staff escorted the inmate to the second floor medical department, and examined the inmate, psychology placed the inmate on suicide watch. The following is an account of what transpired:

Officer J. DeJesus heard inmates yelling to go to A tier, upon arrival he saw inmate (b)(7)(C) lying on the floor with strips of sheets around his neck. Another inmate Guzzo, Vito # 48164-053 attempting to rip the sheets off from around his neck. He immediately activated, and responding staff transported the inmate to the second floor urgent treatment room.

Inmate Guzzo, Vito # 42164-053 was interviewed and stated that he was in cell A-501 and asked (b)(7)(C) if he wanted coffee; he went to get coffee and came back and saw (b)(7)(C) hanging from the pipe on the ceiling from what he thought was a torn bed sheet. He lifted up the body, and ripped the sheet down. Responding staff then took over.

Inmate (b)(7)(C) was placed on suicide watch on the second floor. Inmate was examined by medical staff and found to have redness on his neck.



DATE: July 7, 1998

REPLY TO J. DeJesus  
ATTN OF:

SUBJECT: Suicide attempt by Inmate (b)(7)(C)

TO: Lieutenant Mulroney

On July 7, 1998 at approximately 3PM I was in the CO office on Unit 5 North when I heard inmates yelling for me to go to A Tier. I proceeded to A-Tier and upon arrival observed Inmate (b)(7)(C) lying on the floor being held by Inmate V. Guzzo 48164-053. Inmate (b)(7)(C) was having difficulty breathing due to having a strip of cloth tied around his neck. Inmate Guzzo was attempting to remove it but was unsuccessful. Inmate Guzzo then used a razor and was able to cut the cloth. Inmate (b)(7)(C) began coughing forcefully and began crying. I hit the body alarm immediately after observing Inmate (b)(7)(C) on the floor while ordering other inmates to lock down. At approximately 3:02 PM a number of staff members entered the unit to assist me in locking down the unit. Inmate (b)(7)(C) was able to stand up and was escorted out of the unit by several staff members. Lt. Mulroney instructed me to lock up cell 502 where the incident occurred. I locked up cell 502 at approximately 3:10 PM and did not allow anyone to enter it. I briefed the oncoming evening watch as to Lt. Mulroney's instructions about cell 502. At approximately 3:30PM Inmate V. Guzzo was escorted out of the unit by Officer Cavalon.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM  
METROPOLITAN CORRECTIONAL CENTER  
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DATE: 7-7-98

REPLY TO: *M. Barry*  
ATTN. OF: Lieutenant M. Barry

SUBJECT: Suicide Attempt on 5 North

TO: Investigative Lieutenant

On 7-7-98 at approximately 3:10 P.M. a body alarm was announced in 5 North. Upon arrival to Unit 5 North I responded to A Tier and found inmate (b)(7)(C) on floor of his cell. I pulled inmate (b)(7)(C) out of his cell and laid him down on the floor of A-Tier and awaited the arrival of medical staff. While the inmate was laying on the floor I observed, what appeared to be red marks on either side of his neck. Each of these marks appeared to be approximately three to four inches in length. After medical staff arrived the inmate was escorted to the Health Services Department on the second floor without further incident.

After the inmate left I entered his cell. I found what appeared to be a torn bed sheet tied around a conduit pipe attached to the ceiling of his cell. Another piece of sheet, which was cut from around the inmate's neck by another inmate prior to responding staff's arrival.

1. NAME OF INSTITUTION

MCC, NEW YORK

## PART I - INCIDENT REPORT

2. NAME OF INMATE

(b)(7)(C)

3. REGISTER NUMBER

(b)(7)(C)

4. DATE OF INCIDENT

JULY 7, 98

5. TIME

3PM

6. PLACE OF INCIDENT

5 NORTH CELL 502

7. ASSIGNMENT

UNASSIGNED

8. UNIT

5 NORTH

9. INCIDENT

SELF MUTILATION

10. CC DE

403

11. DESCRIPTION OF INCIDENT (Date: 7/7/98 Time: 3PM Staff became aware of incident)

ON THE ABOVE DATE AND TIME, I WITNESSED INMATE (b)(7)(C) LYING ON THE FLOOR BEING HELD BY INMATE GUZZO #48164-053. INMATE (b)(7)(C) HAD WHAT APPEARED TO BE A STRIP OF CLOTH AROUND HIS NECK AND INMATE GUZZO APPEARING TO BE CUTTING THE CLOTH. I ACTIVATED MY BODY ALARM AND INMATE (b)(7)(C) BEGAN COUGHING AND CRYING. RESPONDING STAFF ARRIVED AND ESCORTED THE INMATE FROM THE AREA.

12. SIGNATURE OF REPORTING EMPLOYEE

J DEJUSUS

DATE AND TIME

JULY 7, 98 4PM

13. NAME AND TITLE (Printed)

J DEJUSUS

14. INCIDENT REPORT DELIVERED TO ABOVE INMATE BY

15. DATE INCIDENT REPORT DELIVERED

16. TIME INCIDENT REPORT DELIVERED

## PART II - COMMITTEE ACTION

17. COMMENTS OF INMATE TO COMMITTEE REGARDING ABOVE INCIDENT

18. A. IT IS THE FINDING OF THE COMMITTEE THAT YOU COMMITTED THE FOLLOWING PROHIBITED ACT

DID NOT COMMIT A PROHIBITED ACT

B. THE COMMITTEE IS REFERRING THE CHARGE TO THE DHO FOR FURTHER HEARING. THE COMMITTEE ADVISED THE INMATE OF ITS FINDINGS AND OF THE RIGHT TO FILE AN APPEAL WITHIN 15 CALENDAR DAYS

19. COMMITTEE DECISION IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION

20. COMMITTEE ACTION AND/OR RECOMMENDATION (If referring to the CONTINGENT UPON THE FINDING INMATE COMMITTED PROHIBITED ACT)

DATE AND TIME OF ACTION

21. THE DHO CHAIRMAN'S SIGNATURE NEXT TO HIS NAME CERTIFIES THAT HE HAS REVIEWED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION

MCC

MCC, NEW YORK



PRESS FIRM

EXPECTED DELIVERY DAY: 09/26/22

USPS TRACKING® #



9505 5158 6201 2266 7284 00



MAIL

PRESS



1004



11201

U.S. POSTAGE PAID  
PM  
KENT, OH  
44240  
SEP 23, 22  
AMOUNT

\$8.95

R2304E105386-08

FROM:

Vito Guzzo  
Reg. No. 48164-053  
FCT Danbury  
Route 37  
Danbury, CT 06811

TO:

Clerk of Court  
U.S. District Court  
225 Cadman Plaza E.  
Brooklyn, NY 11201

- Expected delivery date specified for domestic use.
- Most domestic shipments include up to \$50 of insurance (restrictions apply).\*
- USPS Tracking® included for domestic and many international destinations.
- Limited international insurance.\*\*
- When used internationally, a customs declaration form is required.

\*Insurance does not cover certain items. For details regarding claims exclusions see the Domestic Mail Manual at <http://pe.usps.com>.

\*\* See International Mail Manual at <http://pe.usps.com> for availability and limitations of coverage.

FLAT RATE ENVELOPE

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